Learning to Map Context-Dependent Sentences to Executable Formal Queries

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- Our goal: language understanding in long interactions
- Prior work in semantic parsing, language to code focuses on sentences in isolation
- How can we make use of interaction history when interpreting later utterances?

```
SQL (SELECT DISTINCT flight_flight_id FROM flight WHERE
        (flight.from_airport IN (SELECT airport_service.airport_code
Query FROM airport_service WHERE airport_service.city_code IN
        (SELECT city_code FROM city WHERE city.city_name =
        'SEATTLE'))) AND (flight.to_airport IN (SELECT
        airport_service.airport_code FROM airport_service WHERE
        airport_service.city_code IN (SELECT city.city_code FROM
        city WHERE city.city_name = 'BOSTON'))) AND
        (flight.flight_days IN (SELECT days.days_code FROM days
        WHERE days.day_name IN (SELECT date_day.day_name FROM
        date_day WHERE date_day.year = 1993 AND
        date_day.month_number = 2 AND date_day.day_number = 8)));
```

User | Show me flights from Seattle to Boston next Monday

User On American Airlines



User Show me flights from Seattle to Boston next Monday

Result Found 31 Flights: AAAAAA

User On American Airlines

Result Found 5 Flights: AAAAAA

User Show me flights from Seattle to Boston next Monday

Result
User On American Airlines

Result
User Which ones arrive after 7pm?

Result
No flights found.

User Show me flights from Seattle to Boston next Monday Result Found 31 Flights: 7777 **User** On American Airlines Result Found 5 Flights: 7777 **User** Which ones arrive after 7pm? Result No flights found. **User** Show me Delta flights Result Found 5 Flights: 777

Context-Independent Prior Work

Semantic parsing

Zelle and Money 1996, Clarke et al. 2010, Zettlemoyer and Collins 2005, Zettlemoyer and Collins 2007, Kwiatkowski et al. 2011, Artzi and Zettlemoyer 2011, Kushman and Barzilay 2013, Liang et al. 2011, Berant et al. 2013, Wang et al. 2014, Dong and Lapata 2016, Jia and Liang 2016

Language to code

Popescu et al. 2004, Giordani and Moschitti 2012, Poon 2013, Ling et al. 2016, Zhong et al. 2017, Xu et al. 2017, Yin and Neubig 2017, Rabinovich et al. 2017, Krishnamurthy et al. 2017, Chen et al. 2017, Iyer et al. 2017

 Our approach: language understanding in interaction context

Context-Dependent Prior Work

SCONE (Long et al. 2016): micro domains focused on specific interaction phenomena

Guu et al. 2017, Fried et al. 2018, Suhr et al. 2018

ATIS (Hemphill et al. 1990, Dahl et al. 1994): Miller et al. 1996, Zettlemoyer and Collins 2009

Use different representations; extra training & annotation.

Our approach: single end-to-end model using only interaction data

Interaction History

- As an interaction progresses, the meaning of an utterance becomes highly dependent on the history of the interaction
- History includes both previous requests and generated SQL queries
- Two mechanisms

Incorporating Previous Requests

Show me all flights from Boston to Pittsburgh on User Wednesday of next week which depart from Boston after 5pm

(3 turns)

User Please describe the class of service Y

(5 turns)

User Show the cost of tickets on flight US 345

Incorporating Previous Requests

- Relevant but elided information was mentioned many turns before
- User may change focus during interaction
- Solution: implicit mechanism for carrying information from beginning to end of interaction

Incorporating Previous Queries

```
(SELECT DISTINCT flight.flight_id FROM flight WHERE
        (flight.from_airport IN (SELECT airport_service.airport_code
Query FROM airport_service WHERE airport_service.city_code IN
        (SELECT city_code FROM city WHERE city_city_name =
        'SEATTLE'))) AND (flight.to_airport IN (SELECT
        airport_service.airport_code FROM airport_service WHERE
        airport_service.city_code IN (SELECT city.city_code FROM
        city WHERE city.city_name = 'BOSTON'))) AND
        (flight.flight_days IN (SELECT days.days_code FROM days
        WHERE days.day_name IN (SELECT date_day.day_name FROM
        date_day WHERE date_day.year = 1993 AND
        date_day.month_number = 2 AND date_day.day_number = 8))));
```

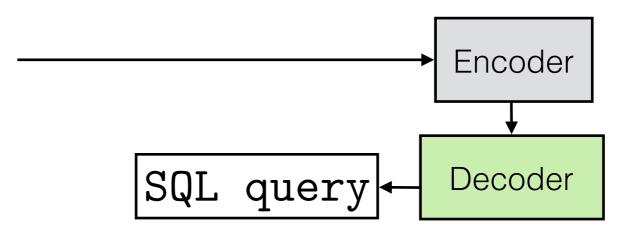
Incorporating Previous Queries

User On American Airlines

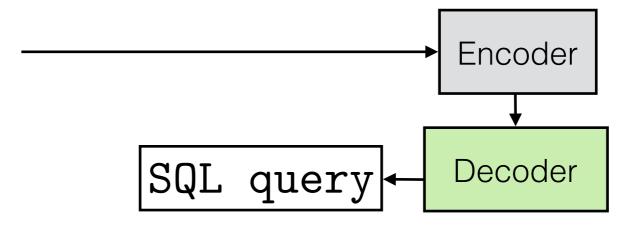
```
(SELECT DISTINCT flight.flight_id FROM flight WHERE
 SQL (flight.airline_code = 'AA') AND (flight.from_airport IN
Query (SELECT airport_service.airport_code FROM airport_service
        WHERE airport_service.city_code IN (SELECT city.city_code
        FROM city WHERE city.city_name = 'SEATTLE'))) AND
        (flight.to_airport IN (SELECT airport_service.airport_code
        FROM airport_service WHERE airport_service.city_code IN
        (SELECT city.city_code FROM city WHERE city.city_name =
        'BOSTON'))) AND (flight.flight_days IN (SELECT days.days_code
        FROM days WHERE days.day_name IN (SELECT date_day.day_name
        FROM date_day WHERE date_day.year = 1993 AND
        date_day.month_number = 2 AND date_day.day_number = 8))));
```

Incorporating Previous Queries

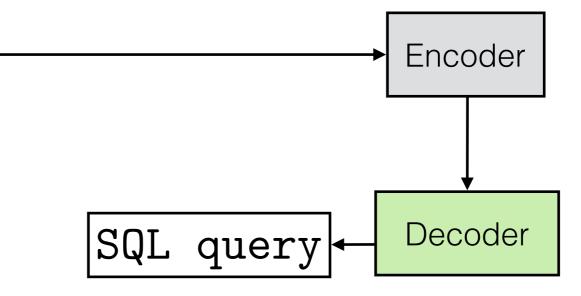
- Segments corresponding to earlier constraints appear in later queries
- Solution: explicit mechanism for composing later
 SQL queries from segments of previous ones



Show me flights from Seattle to Boston next Monday



On American Airlines



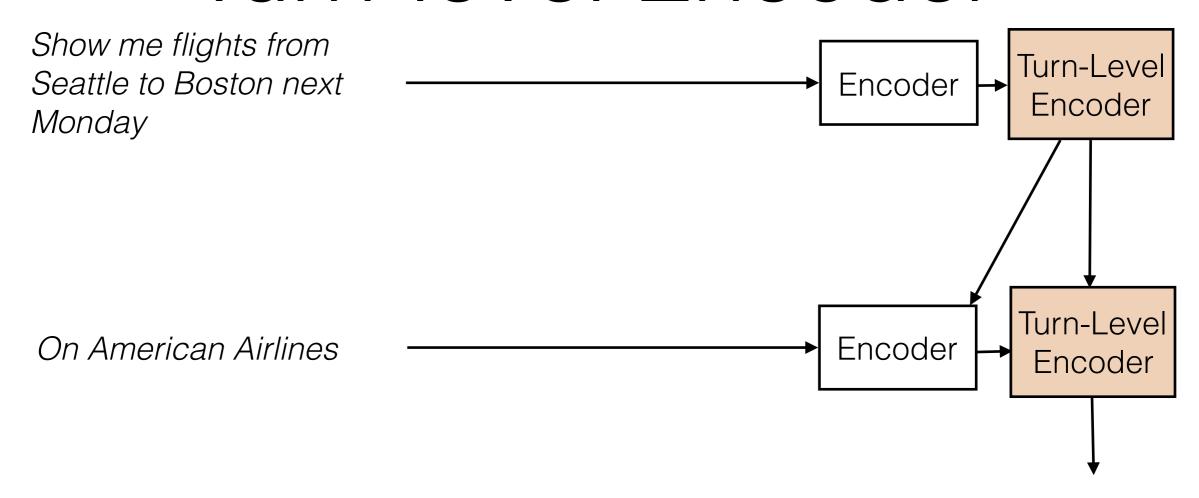
Show me flights from Turn-Level Seattle to Boston next Encoder Encoder Monday Decoder SQL query Turn-Level On American Airlines Encoder Encoder Decoder SQL query

Mechanism 1 Previous Requests: Turn-level Encoder

Show me flights from Turn-Level Seattle to Boston next Encoder Encoder Monday Decoder SQL query Turn-Level Encoder On American Airlines Encoder Query Segment Copying Decoder SQL query

Mechanism 1 Previous Requests: Turn-level Encoder

Mechanism 2 Previous Queries: Query Segment Copying

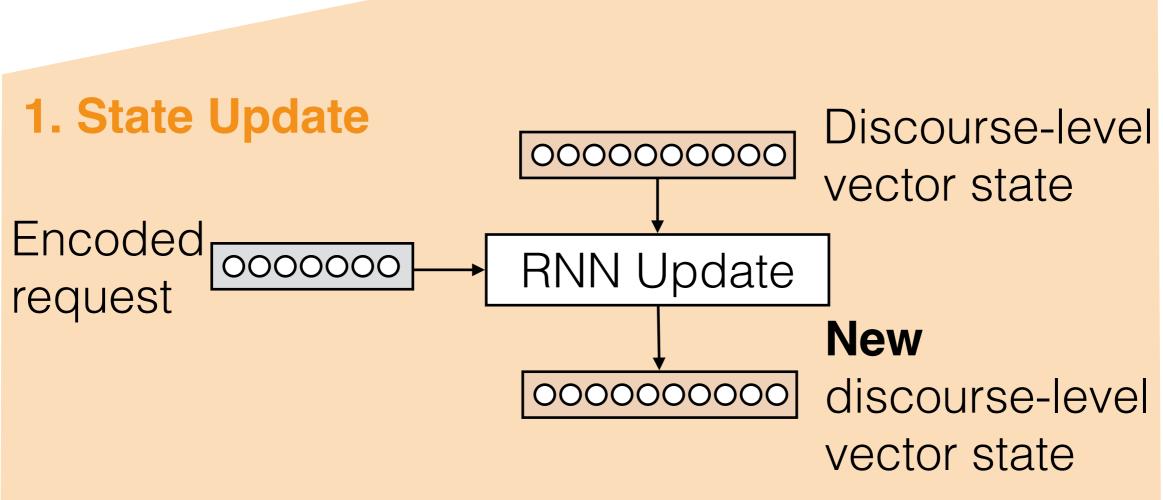


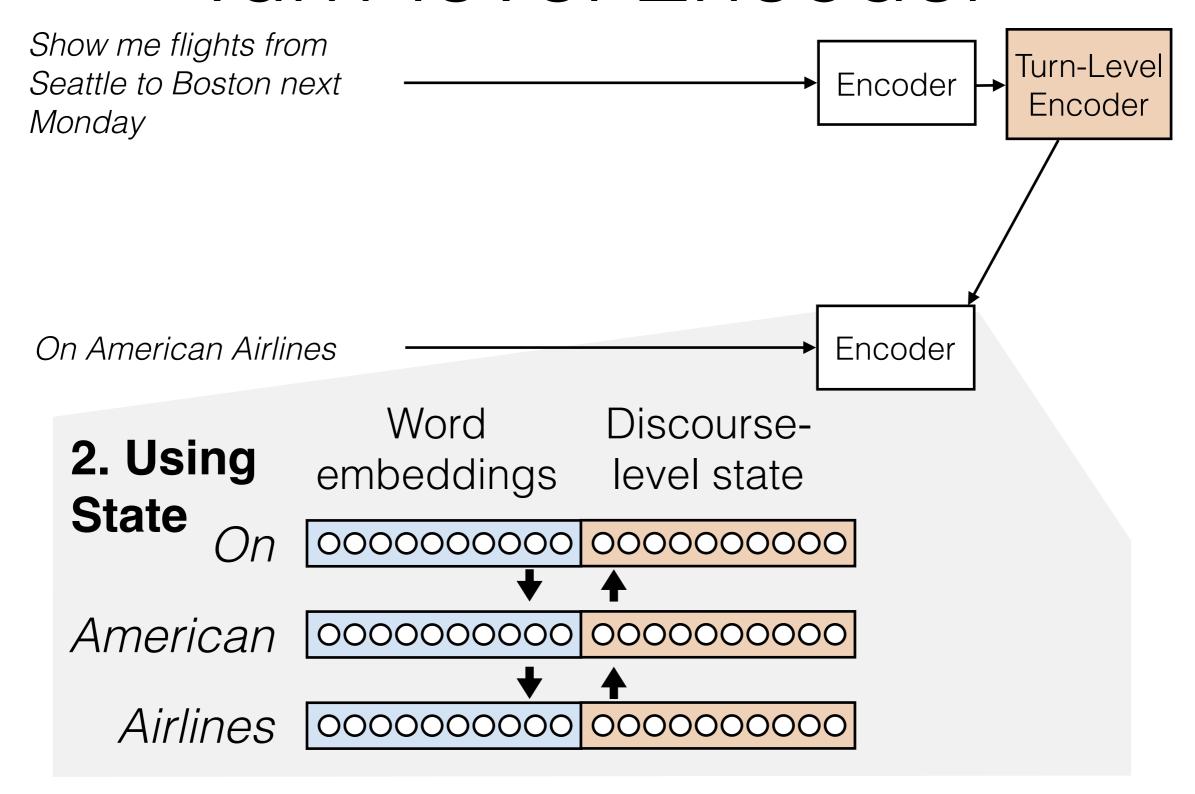
Mechanism 1 Previous Requests: Turn-level Encoder

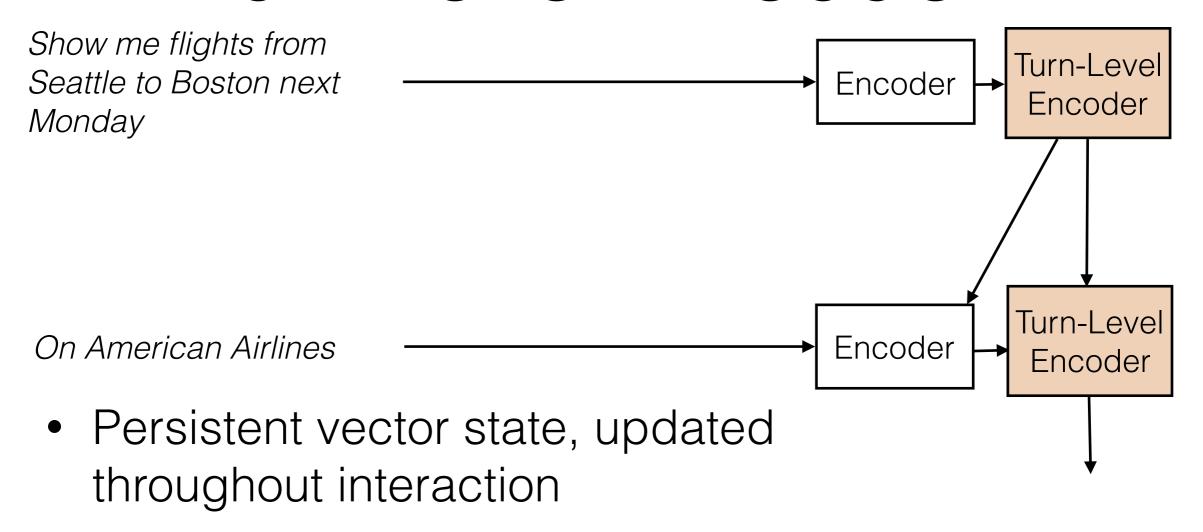
Show me flights from Seattle to Boston next Monday

Encoder

Encoder







- Encode information from beginning to end of interaction
- Completely learned

Show me flights from Seattle to Boston next Encoder Monday SQL query Decoder Encoder On American Airlines Query Segment Copying Decoder SQL query

Mechanism 2 Previous Queries: Query Segment Copying

Previous Query:

(SELECT DISTINCT flight.flight_id FROM flight
WHERE (flight.from_airport IN (SELECT
airport_service.airport_code FROM airport_service
WHERE airport_service.city_code IN (SELECT
city.city_code FROM city WHERE city.city_name =

Decoder

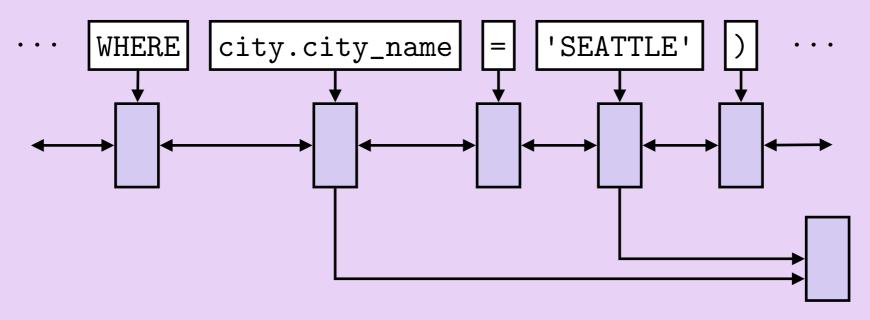
1. Segment Extraction

```
city.city_name = 'SEATTLE'
city.city_name = 'BOSTON'
date_day.year = 1993
date_day.month_number = 2
date_day.day_number = 8
```

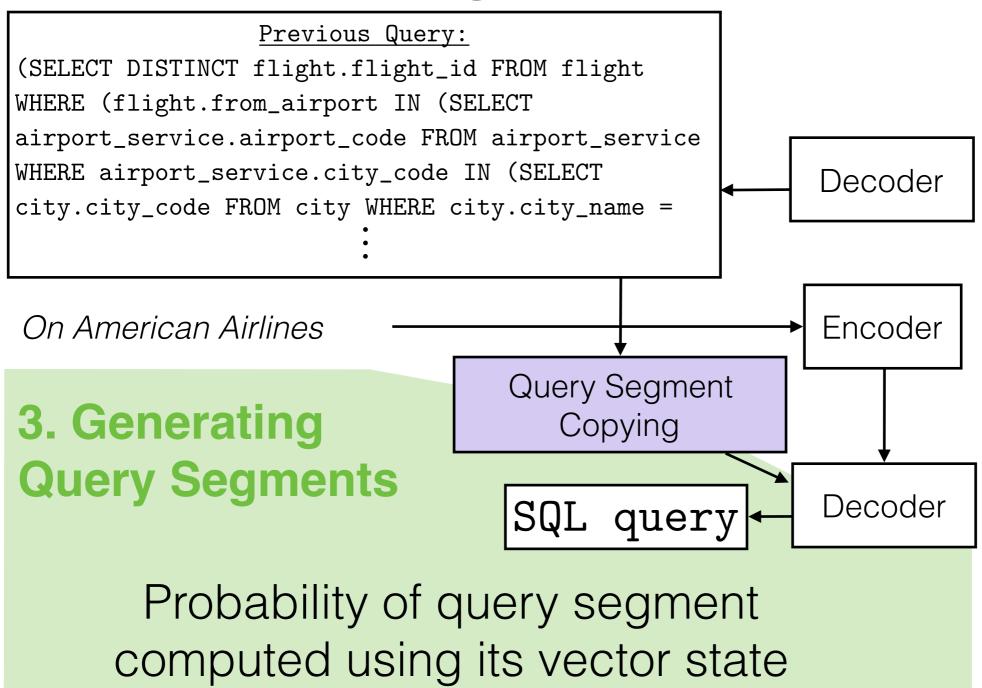
Deterministic, operates on the SQL tree

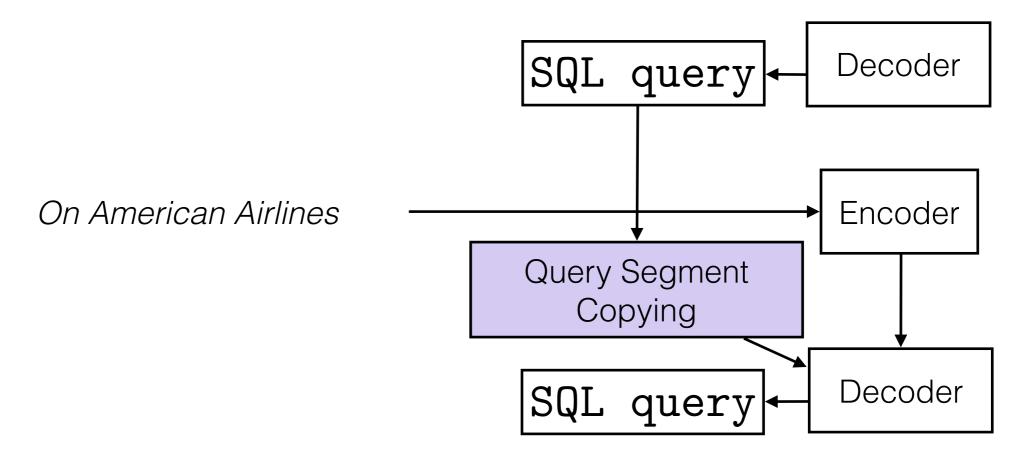
Previous Query: (SELECT DISTINCT flight.flight_id FROM flight WHERE (flight.from_airport IN (SELECT airport_service.airport_code FROM airport_service WHERE airport_service.city_code IN (SELECT city.city_code FROM city WHERE city.city_name =

2. Segment Encoding

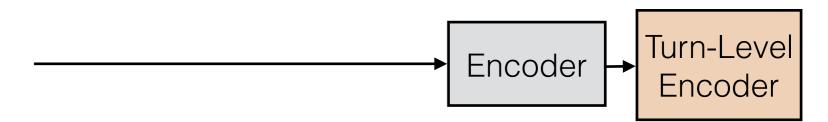


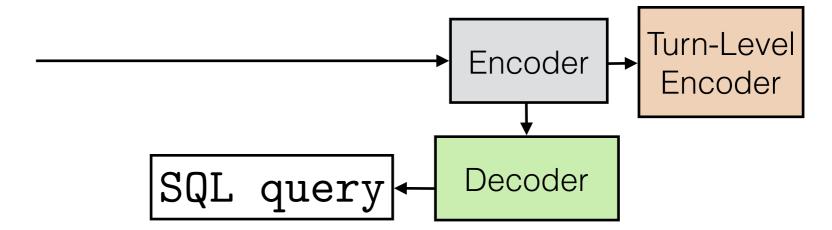
city.city_name = 'SEATTLE'



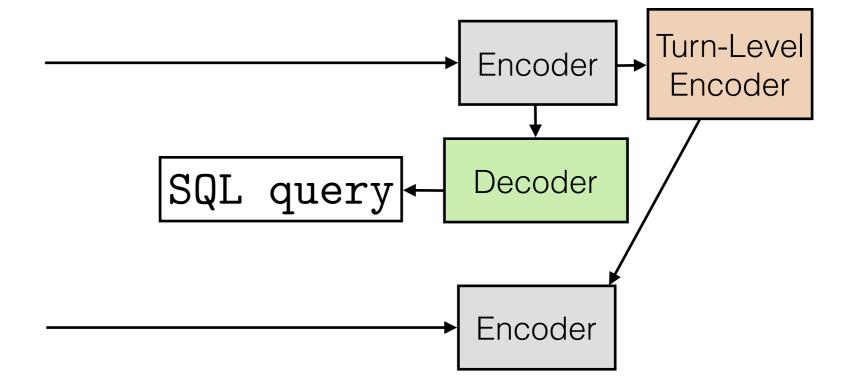


- Explicit mechanism for copying previous constraints
- Encoding and generating segments learned with the rest of the model





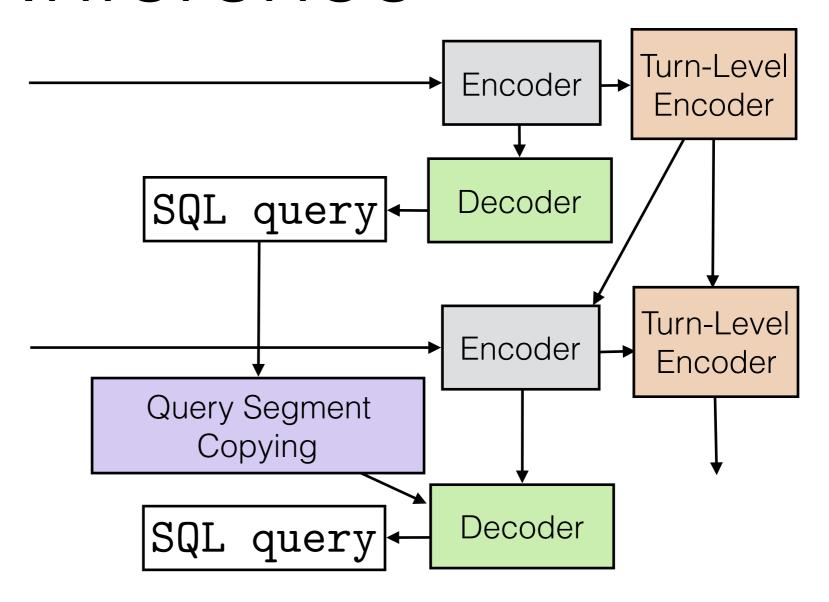
Show me flights from Seattle to Boston next Monday



On American Airlines

Show me flights from Seattle to Boston next Monday

On American Airlines



Learning

- Training data: interactions with request-SQL pairs
- Objective: minimize token-level cross-entropy loss
- All learned components updated together

ATIS (Hemphill et al. 1990, Dahl et al. 1994)

- Flight information, 27 tables, 162K entries
- Small corpus: <2000 interactions
- Long interactions: average 7 turns; maximum: 64
- Complex queries: average 102.9 tokens each;
 93% reference >3 tables

Handling Entities

- Need to generalize to rare or unseen constraints
- Can take advantage of database context
- Apply entity identification, anonymization techniques

Handling Entities

User Show me flights from Seattle to Boston next Monday

User Show me flights from CITY1 to CITY2 YEAR MONTH DAY

SQL
Query
SQL
Query
City.city_name = CITY1

... city.city_name = 'SEATTLE'
...

Experiments

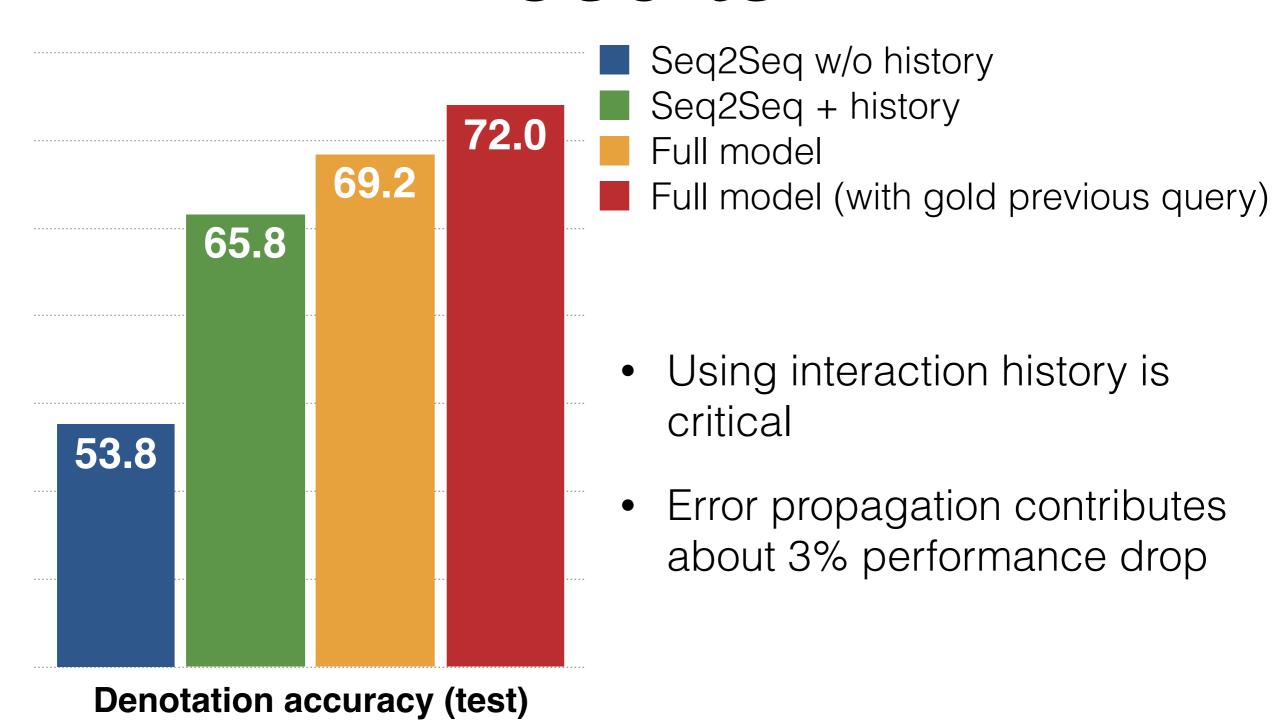
- Seq2Seq w/o history seq2seq on current utterance only
- Seq2Seq + history seq2seq by concatenating last four utterances
- Full model
 use turn-level encoder
 and query segment copying

Evaluation metric:

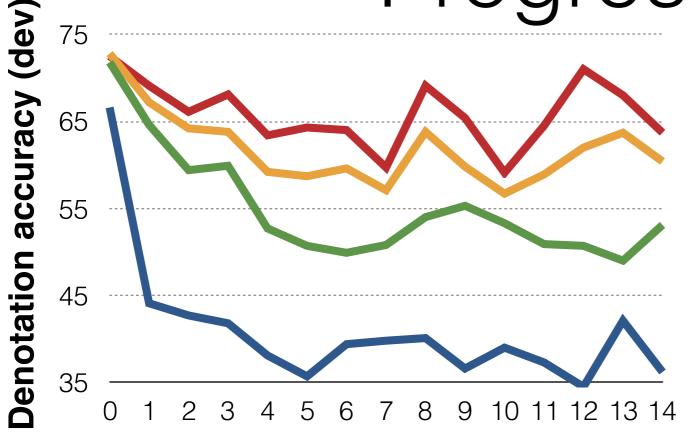
Denotation accuracy (compare tables)

 Measure effect of error propagation: full model with access to gold previous query

Results



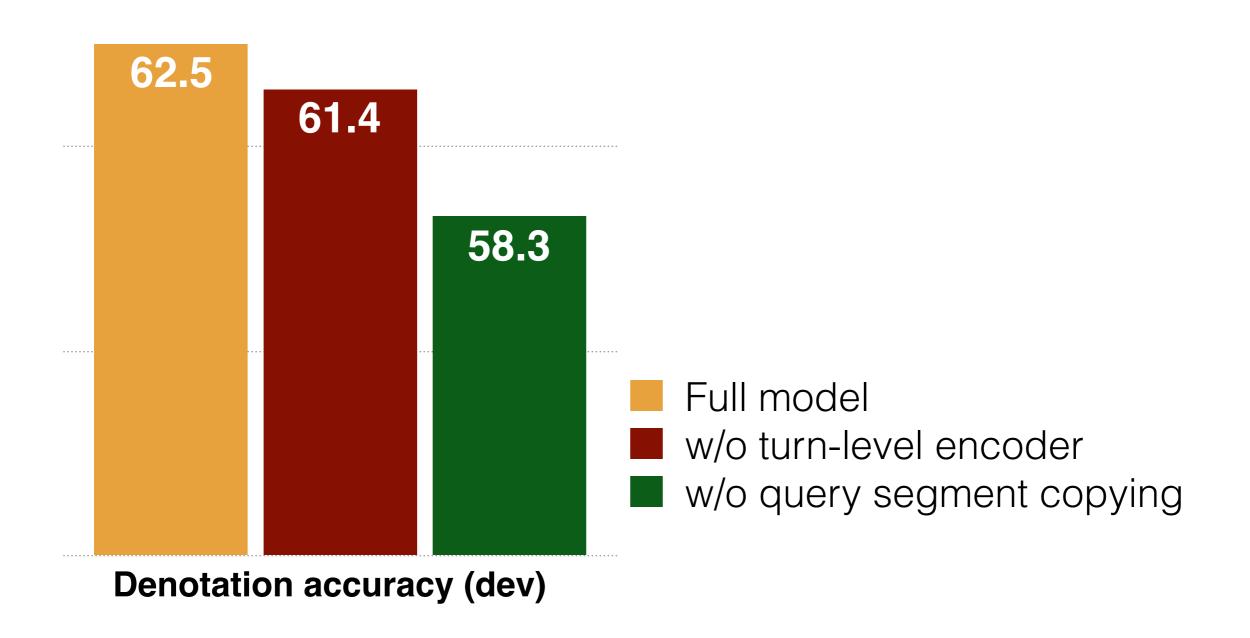
Performance as Interactions Progress



- Without interaction history, performance drops immediately
- Our model: relatively stable

- **Turn index in interaction**
- Seq2Seq w/o history
- Seq2Seq + history
- Full model
- Full model (with gold previous query)

Ablation Results



User Which ones arrive around 7pm?

```
( SELECT DISTINCT flight.flight_id FROM flight WHERE
       ( flight.from_airport IN ( SELECT
Query airport_service.airport_code FROM airport_service WHERE
       airport_service.city_code IN ( SELECT city.city_code FROM
       (flight.to_airport IN (SELECT airport_service.airport_code
       FROM airport_service WHERE airport_service.city_code IN
       ( SELECT city_code FROM city WHERE city_city_name =
       'BALTIMORE' ) ) AND ( flight.flight_days IN ( SELECT
       days.days_code FROM days WHERE days.day_name IN ( SELECT
       date_day.day_name FROM date_day WHERE date_day.year = 1991
       AND date_day.month_number = 9 AND date_day.day_number =
       6 ) ) AND (flight.arrival_time >= 1630 AND
       flight.arrival_time <= 1730 ) ) ) );
```

User Which ones arrive around 7pm?

SQL Query

> Error: looking for flights around 5pm

flight.arrival_time >= 1630 AND flight.arrival_time <= 1730

User Which kind of airplane is that?

```
( SELECT DISTINCT aircraft.aircraft_code FROM aircraft WHERE
        aircraft.aircraft_code IN ( SELECT
Query equipment_sequence.aircraft_code FROM equipment_sequence
        WHERE equipment_sequence.aircraft_code_sequence IN ( SELECT
        flight.aircraft_code_sequence FROM flight WHERE
        ( flight.arrival_time >= 1630 AND flight.arrival_time <=</pre>
        1730 AND (flight.from_airport IN (SELECT
        airport_service.airport_code FROM airport_service WHERE
        airport_service.city_code IN ( SELECT city.city_code FROM
        city WHERE city.city_name = 'ATLANTA' ) )
```

- Selecting an incorrect segment
- Previous generated query didn't contain a necessary segment

Future work: how to mitigate error propagation? New training procedures?

- Language understanding in long, complex interactions
- <u>Turn-level encoder</u>: implicit mechanism for reasoning about previous requests
- Query segment copying: explicitly derive meaning of request (SQL query) from interaction history

Thank you!

https://github.com/clic-lab/atis





